S1. Theory Assessment Questions

Instructions to Participants

This section contains 22 multiple choice questions – pass mark 20/22.

Please refer to the theory assessment questions provided in this document. Read each question carefully and mark the correct answers on the answer sheet provided below.

Once you have completed the assessment questions and have marked your answers on the answer sheet provided, you must submit this page (page 1) to the trainer either on or before the day of your training session. (*Please do not return the actual question paper*).

If you require guidance or assistance completing the theory questions, please visit our website to access the online textbook “Fun with First Aid” at [http://www.nationalfirstaid.com.au/online-assessment/](http://www.nationalfirstaid.com.au/online-assessment/).

If you are uncertain about an answer, please attempt the question and discuss with the trainer on the day.

If you do not achieve the required pass mark your trainer will verbally assess you to obtain additional evidence for competency in this unit of assessment.

Please sign and date the declaration on the bottom of this page.

Theory Answer Sheet

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<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Circle your Response</th>
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Result / 22

Student Declaration – please sign below

*I hereby certify that I have completed all the theory questions above.*

Signature of Student: 

Print Name: Date: / /
**General Questions**

1. **Your FIRST action at an emergency is to:**
   A. Send for help – call 000
   B. Assess for Danger to yourself, bystanders and the patient
   C. Check the Airway
   D. Check for Breathing

2. **In the event of an emergency, the number to call is?**
   A. 911
   B. 111
   C. 000
   D. 999

3. **In the event of a serious emergency and providing it is safe to do so, you should attempt to assist as best you can within your skills and limitations.**
   A. True
   B. False

4. **Which of the following conditions has first priority?**
   A. A young patient with a suspected fracture
   B. An elderly patient with chest pain
   C. A middle-aged patient with a deep cut to her arm
   D. An unconscious patient lying on his back

5. **When managing a patient, you must:**
   A. Be culturally aware and sensitive
   B. Communicate gently and in a respectful manner
   C. Be understanding, calm and reassuring
   D. All of the above

6. **Emergencies can often result in emotional stress, trauma, anxiety and distress. What is the best method of debriefing if you are not coping after an incident?**
   A. Talking in confidence with a counsellor or doctor
   B. Dismissing the thoughts and allowing time to heal
   C. All the above

7. **A designated first aider in their workplace has a duty of care to provide assistance in the event of an emergency or illness / injury in that workplace.**
   A. True
   B. False
   C. Sometimes

8. **Which precautions can reduce the risk of cross infection when providing first aid?**
   A. Using a resuscitation mask or face shield
   B. Being aware of blood and bodily fluids
   C. Wearing disposable gloves
   D. All the above
9. All patient first aid records in the workplace are to be kept confidential and secure unless requested by a legal authority, the patient or an authorised person in the workplace.
   A. True
   B. False

10. Which of the following questions should you be prepared to answer when calling for help (000)?
   A. What is the exact location of the emergency?
   B. What is the phone number you are calling from?
   C. Is the patient conscious and breathing?
   D. All of the above

Resuscitation / Cardiac Arrest

11. You should commence CPR when a patient is:
   A. Unconscious, Not Responding, Not Breathing Normally, Not Moving
   B. Unconscious, Breathing Normally, Not Responding, Not Moving
   C. Conscious, Responding, Breathing Normally, Moving
   D. All of the above

12. The recovery position is lifesaving because it helps maintain a clear and open airway by:
   A. Causing the jaw and tongue to fall forward
   B. Allowing blood, vomit or other fluid to drain, thereby minimising the risk of airway obstruction
   C. Reducing the risk of inhaling foreign material
   D. All of the above

13. The 4 steps in the chain of survival are:
   A. Early Recognition, Early Defibrillation, Early Ambulance, Early Hospital Assistance
   B. Early Defibrillation, Early CPR, Early Ambulance Response, Early Medical Treatment
   C. Early Recognition, Early CPR, Early Defibrillation, Early Advanced Life Support

14. A first aider must commence chest compressions if the patient is unconscious and not breathing normally. The point of compression for all age groups is in the centre of the chest.
   A. True
   B. False

15. An unconscious patient who is not breathing normally is considered to be in cardiac arrest.
   A. False
   B. True

16. What is the correct CPR ratio?
   A. 30 breaths to 2 compressions
   B. 30 compressions to 30 breaths
   C. 30 compressions to 2 breaths

17. To open the airway of a child or adult, you must apply:
   A. Backward head tilt
   B. Chin lift
   C. A combination of backward head tilt and chin lift
18. When applying a defibrillator (AED), it is important that the electrodes (pads) are placed on the patient’s chest according to the diagrams.
   A. True
   B. False
   C. Not important

19. A man is unconscious and is breathing? You position him:
   A. On his back
   B. On his side (recovery position)
   C. On his back with his legs raised
   D. On his back with his head turned to the side

20. When do I stop resuscitation?
   A. If the patient responds or begins breathing normally
   B. If ambulance or medical assistance arrives and takes over
   C. If you are physically or emotionally unable to continue
   D. Any of the above

21. The Australian Resuscitation Council recommends that CPR be updated every:
   A. Every 5 years
   B. Every 12 months
   C. Every 3 years
   D. As required

22. Patient consent should be obtained before providing first aid?
   A. True
   B. False